Sofonjáš 2:10-11

עלהָי פָּל־אָת פָּל־אָת פָּל־אָת פָּל־אָת פָּל־אָת פָּל־אָתה בּוֹז אָישׁ מִנְּיְהְאָ אָת פָּל־אָתה בּוֹזְם: הָאָרִץ וְיִשְׁתַחֲווּ־לוֹ אָישׁ מִנְּיִקוֹמוֹ כָּלֹ אִיֵּי הַנּוֹיִם:

- BHT **Zephaniah 2:11** nôrā yhwh(adōnāy) călêhem kî rāzā vēt kol- et ko
- ^{CEP} **Zephaniah 2:11** Hrozný bude Hospodin, až udeří na ně: stihne úbitěmi všechny bohy země. Každý se mu bude klanět ze svého místa, i všechny ostrovy pronárodů.
- ^{BKR} **Zephaniah 2:11** Hrozný jim bude Hospodin; nebo způsobí, aby zhubeněli všickni bohové země. I bude se jemu klaněti každý z místa svého, všickni ostrovové národu.
- ESV **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be awesome against them; for he will **famish** all the gods of the earth, and to him shall bow down, each in its place, all the lands of the nations.
- TNK **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will show Himself terrible against them, Causing all the gods on earth to shrivel; And all the coastlands of the nations Shall bow down to Him -- Every man in his own home.
- ASV **Zephaniah 2:11** Jehovah will be terrible unto them; for he will **famish** all the gods of the earth; and men shall worship him, every one from his place, even all the isles of the nations.
- JPS **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be terrible unto them; for He will famish all the gods of the earth; then shall all the isles of the nations worship Him, every one from its place.
- KJV **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD *will be* terrible unto them: for he will famish all the gods of the earth; and *men* shall worship him, every one from his place, *even* all the isles of the heathen.
- LXT **Zephaniah 2:11** ἐπιφανήσεται κύριος ἐπ' αὐτοὺς καὶ ἐξολεθρεύσει πάντας τοὺς θεοὺς τῶν ἐθνῶν τῆς γῆς καὶ προσκυνήσουσιν αὐτῷ ἕκαστος ἐκ τοῦ τόπου αὐτοῦ πᾶσαι αἱ νῆσοι τῶν ἐθνῶν
- LXE **Zephaniah 2:11** The Lord shall appear against them, and shall utterly destroy all the gods of the nations of the earth; and they shall worship him every one from his place, *even* all the islands of the nations.
- NAB **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD shall inspire them with fear when he makes all the gods of earth to waste away; Then, each from its own place, all the coastlands of the nations shall adore him.
- NAS **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be terrifying to them, for He will starve all the gods of the earth; and all the coastlands of the nations will bow down to Him, everyone from his *own* place.
- NAU **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be terrifying to them, for He will starve all the gods of the earth; and all the coastlands of the nations will bow down to Him, everyone from his *own* place.
- NIV **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be awesome to them when he destroys all the gods of the land. The nations on every shore will worship him, every one in its own land.
- NJB **Zephaniah 2:11** Yahweh will be fearsome to them, for he will scatter all the gods of the earth, and they will bow down to him, each from his own place -- all the islands of the nations.
- NKJ **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD *will be* awesome to them, For He will reduce to nothing all the gods of the earth; *People* shall worship Him, Each one from his place, Indeed all the shores of the nations.
- NRS **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be terrible against them; he will **shrivel** all the gods of the earth, and to him shall bow down, each in its place, all the coasts and islands of the nations.
- RSV **Zephaniah 2:11** The LORD will be terrible against them; yea, he will **famish** all the gods of the earth, and to him shall bow down, each in its place, all the lands of the nations.

Pojem přepsaný jako rāzāh je překládán jako stihnout úbytěmi, zhubenět, vyhladovět, seschnout či rozprášit.
Verze LXX uvádí obecnější zničit.

Původní hebrejský význam RZH znamená ponechat hladem, vyhladovět.

Význam klíčového slova podle slovníků

TWOT

2139.0 7 (rāzâ) be(come) lean (Zeph 2:11; Isa 17:4).

BDB

8995 777 (page 931) (Strong 7329)

לְיָה vb. be or grow lean (Ar. <*> grow thin and weak); — Qal Pf. 3 ms. רָיָה Zp 2:11 obj. false gods, appar. make lean (Vulgate attenuavit; LXX is ἐξολεθρύσει), but sense strange, < מִשְׁמֵן בְּשֶׁרוֹ יֵרָיָה (v. Ar. supr.), yet even this very doubtful. Niph. be made lean, Impf. 3 ms. רָיָה Is 17:4.

Vysvětlení zkratek a copyright (dle BW):

WTT BHS Hebrew Old Testament (4th ed)

BHS [or WTT] - Biblia Hebraica Stuttgartensia BHS (Hebrew Bible, Masoretic Text or Hebrew Old Testament), edited by K. Elliger and W. Rudoph of the Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft, Stuttgart, Fourth Corrected Edition, Copyright © 1966, 1977, 1983, 1990 by the Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. The ASCII data for this BHS was obtained as part of the Groves-Wheeler Westminster Theological Seminary Hebrew Morphology database. The latest revision (on behalf of the Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft by Westminster Theological Seminary, July 1987, with morphology update in June 1994) corrected the text according to the then latest available facsimiles of Codex Leningradensis. [For suspected problems with the printed text of BHS (1983 edition), comparison was made to the two other published versions of the Codex Leningradensis: -- The Holy Scriptures edited by Aron Dotan (Adi, Tel Aviv, 1974) and BHK (Kittel Third edition). At all points of variance between Dotan and BHS or BHS and BHK, also examined were the photo facsimiles of the codex (Codex Leningradensis b19A, D.S. Loewinger, Makor, Jerusalem, 1971.)] This latest electronic version, now included in BibleWorks, is extremely close to BHS, 4th Edition. With Version 5.0 of BibleWorks, the entire BHS4 now has full and complete Hebrew accents (that is, the taamim (or te'amim) is equivalent to cantillation marks and these include the accent marks, indicating how the masoretes divided the word flow into sentences, word groups etcetera.)

BHT Transliterated Hebrew OT

BHT - TRANSLITERATED BHS HEBREW OLD TESTAMENT 2001. BHT database is Copyright © 2001 by Matthew Anstey. Copyright is also claimed for future official revisions of the database as released by Matthew Anstey. This database used as its base the CCAT Michigan-Claremont-Westminster electronic database. This was used freely with the kind permission of the German Bible Society. The Hebrew vowels have been disambiguated, thru much effort.

BKR Bible kralická (1613)

BKR (Czech) – Bible Kralická: Bible svatá aneb všechna písma Starého i Nového zákona podle posledního vydání Kralického z roku 1613 První český překlad z originálních jazyků kladoucí důraz na liturgické užití a vroucí zbožnost. NZ přeložil Jan Blahoslav 1564. Pro překlad SZ byla vytvořena zvláštní rada nejvzdělanějších odborníků, vzdělaných na předních evropských evangelických universitách, které tehdy Jednota bratrská měla. Jejich překlad vyšel v pěti dílech v letech 1579-1593 (6. díl byl Blahoslavův překlad NZ). V r. 1613 vyšlo souhrnné vydání v jednom. Bratři vytvořili mistrné dílo, vrchol překladatelského úsilí slovanských národů. Bible Kralická měla navíc nemalý podíl na zachování českého jazyka v době pobělohorské a po staletí též tvořila most mezi Čechy a Slováky.

CEP Český ekumenický překlad (1985)

CEP (Czech) – Český Ekumenický překlad: Písmo svaté Starého i Nového Zákona podle ekumenického vydání z r. 1985 © Ekumenická rada církví v ČR.

První společný, mezicírkevní biblický překlad v českých dějinách. Je plodem dlouholeté ekumenické spolupráce překladatelů (1961-1979). Starozákonní překladatelskou skupinu vedl prof. Miloš Bič, Novozákonní skupinu překladatelů prof. J. B. Souček (po jeho smrti, od r. Jindřich Mánek z Husovy bohoslovecké fakulty a od r. 1977 Petr Pokorný z Evangelické teologické fakulty). Tyto skupiny, od počátku koncipované jako ekumenické, zahrnovaly zprvu vedle evangelických biblistů (Českobratrská církev evangelická, Církev bratrská, Evangelická církev metodistická) i biblisty z Církve československé husitské a z Církve pravoslavné. Brzy se s pověřením svých biskupů připojili i biblisté z Církve římskokatolické.

KJV King James (1611/1769)

KJV - Authorized Version (KJV) - 1769 Blayney Edition of the 1611 King James Version of the English Bible - with Larry Pierce's Englishman's-Strong's Numbering System, ASCII version Copyright © 1988-1997 by the Online Bible Foundation and Woodside Fellowship of Ontario, Canada. Licensed from the Institute for Creation Research. Used by permission. The exact bibliographical pedigree of the machine readable text (MRT) version of the KJV has not yet been determined. Most KJV MRTs are derived from the University of Pennsylvania CCAT (Center for Computer Analysis of Texts). CCAT obtained their KJV MRT from Brigham Young University Humanities Research Center. This has been collated in part with another KJV MRT provided by Zondervan Bible Publishers. Then, possibly using this or another closely similar KJV MRT obtained from Public Brand Software, Larry Pierce and his volunteer associates at Woodside Fellowship and elsewhere painstakingly corrected the available KJV MRT to match exactly the British 1769 Blayney Edition of the KJV Authorized Version as printed by Cambridge University Press (the Cambridge AV Bible with Concord 8vo Bold-Figure refs in lower left corner of title page). This Cambridge AV edition is claimed to be the most accurate standard, with the next most accurate AV Bible having over 100 printing errors. Sharp Electronics of Japan has verified that the electronic version is indeed exactly the same as the printed Cambridge 1769 Blayney edition.

NKJ New King James Version (1982)

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ESV English Standard Version (2001)

ENGLISH STANDARD VERSION (ESV). Copyright © July 2001 by Crossway Books/Good News Publishers, Wheaton, IL, tel: 630/682-4300, www.goodnews-crossway.org. A new scholarly evangelical translation in the tradition of the ERV, ASV, RSV, NASB.

NAU The New American Standard Bible with Codes (1995)

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NAB The New American Bible

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TNK JPS Tanakh (1985)

JPS TANAKH 1985 (English). The TANAKH, a new translation (into contemporary English) of The Holy Scriptures according to the traditional Hebrew text (Masoretic). The Jewish Bible: Torah, Nevi'im, Kethuvim. Copyright © 1985 by The Jewish Publication Society. All rights reserved. This fresh translation began work in 1955. Used by permission.

YLT Young's Literal Translation (1862/1898)

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LXT Septuaginta

LXT - LXX Septuaginta (LXT) (Old Greek Jewish Scriptures) edited by Alfred Rahlfs, Copyright © 1935 by the Württembergische Bibelanstalt / Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. The LXX MRT (machine readable text) was prepared by the TLG (Thesaurus Linguae Graecae) Project directed by Theodore F. Brünner at University of California, Irvine. Further verification and adaptation towards conformity with the individual Goettingen editions that have appeared since 1935 (9th Edition reprint in 1971) is in process by the CATSS Project, University of Pennsylvania. The various LXX OT Apocryphal/Deutero-Canonical books are included. Now included are the substantial text variations and multiple text types (assuming Codex Vaticanus as standard) from the Theodotian revision, Codex Alexandrinus, and Codex Sinaiticus. But not yet included are the textual variants as encoded from the apparatuses of the best available editions (especially Goettingen, Cambridge), and reformatted for computer by the Philadelphia team of the in-process CATSS Project under the direction of R. Kraft.

LXE LXX (LXT) English Translation Brenton

LXE - The English Translation of The Septuagint Version of the Old Testament (LXE) by Sir Lancelot C. L. Brenton, 1844, 1851, published by Samuel Bagster and Sons, London, original ASCII edition Copyright © 1988 by FABS International (c/o Bob Lewis, DeFuniak Springs FL 32433). All rights reserved. Used by permission. Apocryphal portion not available (use RSV or NRSV or NAB or NJB, etc. instead). Note: CATSS Rahlfs' LXX in Daniel has both Theodotion and Alexandrian variants; Brenton's LXX in Daniel is Theodotion's recension. The Brenton LXX English Translation in BibleWorks 3.5 was extensively revised and edited. Many textual errors have been corrected, notes added, and the whole remapped to match the English KJV verse numbering system. This new work was done and the electronic text, Copyright © 1998-1999, by Larry Nelson (Box 2083, Rialto, CA, 92376). Used by permission.

VUL Vulgate Latin Bible

VUL - Biblia Sacra Iuxta Vulgatam Versionem, Vulgate Latin Bible (VUL), edited by R. Weber, B. Fischer, J. Gribomont, H.F.D. Sparks, and W. Thiele [at Beuron and Tuebingen] Copyright © 1969, 1975, 1983 by Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. ASCII formatted text provided via University of Pennsylvania, CCAT. Textual variants not included.

The Douay-Rheims American Edition (1899)

The Douay-Rheims 1899 American Edition. Very literal translation of the Latin Vulgate. Public Domain. Also, compare with the LXE and LXT above.

TWOT lexicon
TWOT - The Theological Wordbook of the Old Testament, by R. Laird Harris, Gleason L. Archer Jr., Bruce K. Waltke, originally published by Moody Press of Chicago, Illinois, Copyright © 1980.

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